MAYER · BROWN

Preparing for the New Post-Grant Reality



Relevant Statutes & Rules

- Title 35 America Invents Act
 - Replaces §§ 311-319 (Inter partes)
 - Adds §§ 321-329 (Post-grant)
- 37 CFR PTO proposed rules
 - Replace existing rules for interferences

Who?

Anyone (except the patent owner)

When?

Inter Partes Review

9 months after issue or reissue

Post-Grant Review

Before 9 months after issue or reissue

For reissue: new and amended claims *only*

How?

Inter Partes Review

Post-Grant Review

Patents and printed publications

Any grounds of invalidity (§§ 101, 102, 103, 112, etc.)

Amendments and new claims permitted

Burden of Proof: Preponderance of the evidence

Settlement allowed

What?

Inter Partes Review

Any patent

Post-Grant Review

- (i) Effective filing date after March 16, 2013
- (ii) Covered business method patents
- (iii) Some interferences

Covered Business Method Review

Covered patent claims: "a method or corresponding apparatus for performing data processing or other operations used in the practice, administration, or management of a financial product or service," but not "technological inventions"

Standing: Accused of infringement

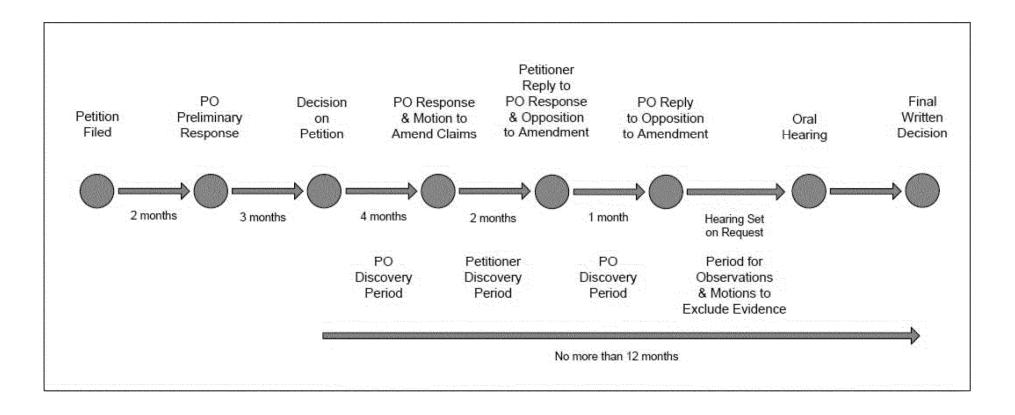
<u>Different from PGR:</u> No nine month filing period, limited prior art allowed, estoppel, stay provision (includes interlocutory appeal by right)

<u>Sunset:</u> Sept. 16, 2012 – Sept. 16, 2020

Introduction to Post-grant Proceedings – Steep Fees Proposed by USPTO

Number of Claims	IPR Filing Fee	PGR Filing Fee
≤ 20	\$27,200	\$35,800
21 to 30	\$34,000	\$44,750
31 to 40	\$40,800	\$53,700
41 to 50	\$54,400	\$71,600
51 to 60	\$68,000	\$89,500
Each +10	+ \$27,200	+ \$35,800

Introduction to Post-grant Proceedings – Life cycle



"Source: *Practice Guide for Proposed Trial Rules*, 77 FR 6868, 6869 (Feb. 9, 2012)" before the presentation?

Beginning a PTO Trial – Petition, Response & Decision to Institute

Petition

- Prior Art & Other Documents
 Real Party in Interest
- Declarations

Request to Seal (if necessary)

Page Limit: 70 pages

Preliminary Response

"Reasons why ... review should not be instituted"

No testimonial evidence (by proposed rule)

Page Limit: 15 pages

Beginning a PTO Trial – Petition, Response & Decision to Institute

Decision

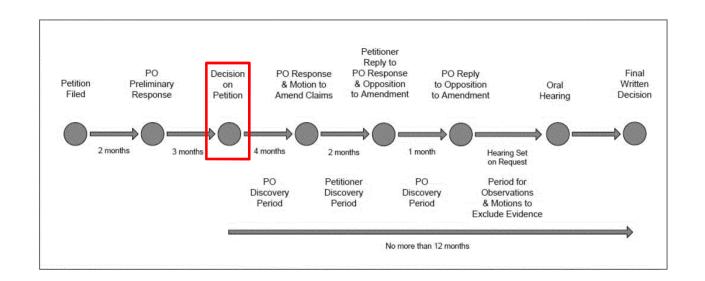
Inter Partes Review

Reasonable likelihood to prevail on one claim

Post-Grant Review

More likely than not to prevail on one claim

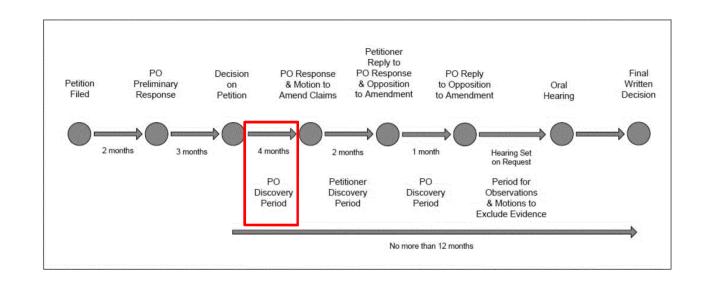
After Decision to Institute



Case schedule determined by order

- Response and Amendment
- Reply and Opp. to Amendement
- Pre-hearing motions (e.g., Daubert)

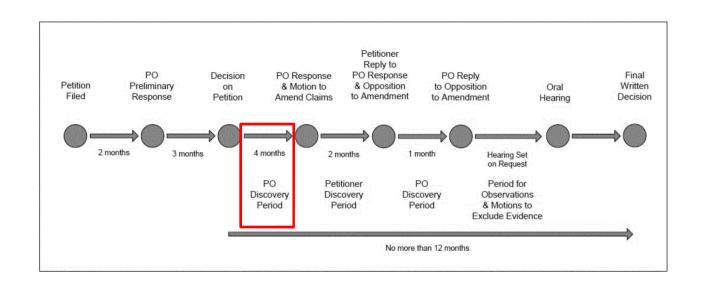
Patent Owner Discovery



Discovery allowed

- Exhibits
- Depositions of Declarants
- Information "inconsistent with a position advanced" by a party
- As authorized by motion "good cause" (PGR) v. "interests of justice" (IPR)

Patent Owner Discovery

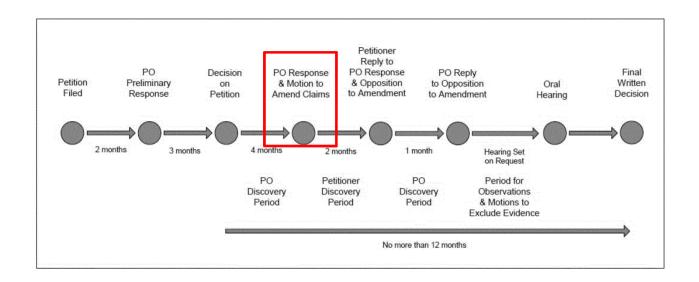


Discovery is a misnomer

Not the time to develop new theories of the case

Deposition = cross-examination

Patent Owner Response & Amendments



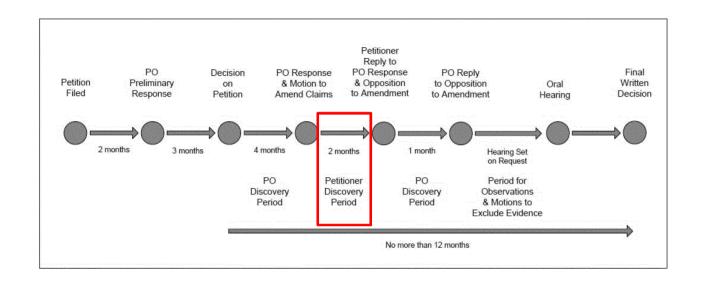
Response to Petition

- Affirmative evidence of patentability
- Rebuttal relying on crossexamination

Motion to Amend

- Amend, cancel, or substitute ("reasonable number")
- Identify support in spec
- Should "clearly state the patentably distinct features"
- No broadening or new matter

Petitioner Discovery



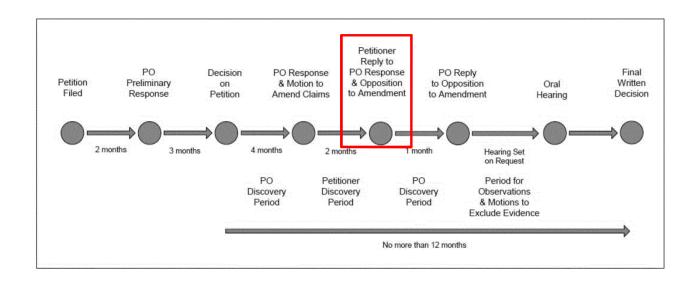
On Patentee's Response

- Same scope of discovery as before
- Secondary Considerations (possibility for third-party discovery)

On Motion to Amend

- Same scope
- Challenge support
- Challenge "patentably distinct"

Petitioner Reply & Opp.



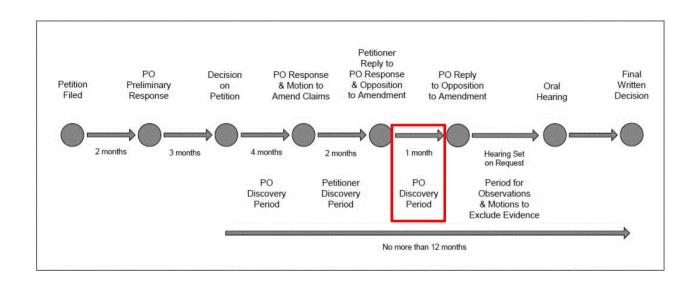
Reply ISO Petition

- Affirmative evidence, e.g., rebutting secondary considerations
- Rebuttal relying on crossexamination

Opp. to Amendments

- Expert testimony on new or amended claims
- Rebuttal relying on crossexamination

Patent Owner Discovery & Reply



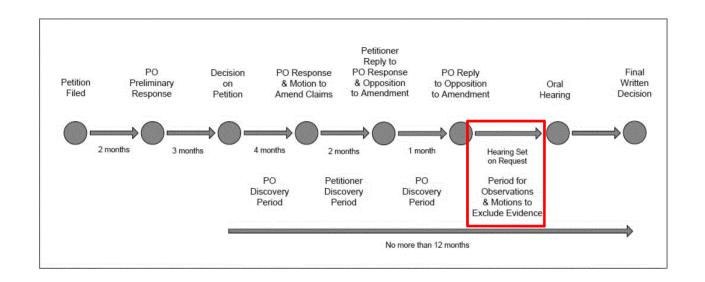
On Petitioner's Reply

- Same scope of discovery
- "Motion for observation"

On Petitioner's Opposition

- Same scope of discovery
- Opportunity to file a Reply ISO Amendments

Pre-Hearing Motions



Evidentiary Motions – Federal Rules of Evidence Apply

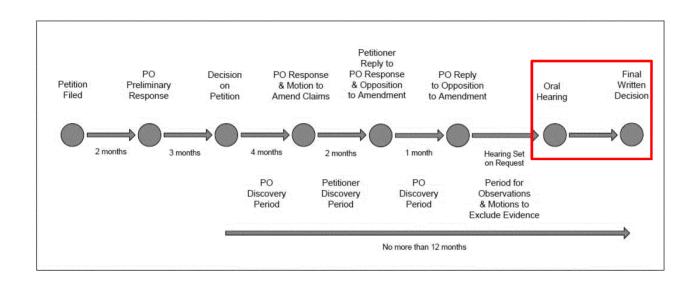
- *Daubert* motions APJ's expect data, tests, methods, etc.
- Other motions to exclude (hearsay, relevance, etc.)
- Taking official notice

Request for Oral Argument

Motions for Rehearing

No Final Briefing

Hearing & Final Decision



No Live Witnesses

No New Evidence

No New Arguments

Possible Exceptions for Live Testimony (Credibility, Interpreter)

Twelve months to Decision from <u>Institution</u> not Petition

Strategic Considerations

- Timing
- Estoppel
- Overlapping Issues
- Choice of Forum
 - Judge or jury vs. Admin. Patent Judge
 - Cost (Potential range for IPR/PGR \$400K-800K)
 - Speed

Strategic Considerations – Timing

Restrictions

- Before a DJ action *for invalidity*
- Less than 1 year after Dist. Ct. filing (applies to *Inter partes*)
- DJ action for noninfringement, counterclaim for invalidity do not preclude review

Other Factors

- District court timelines v. PTO timelines
- Possibility of stay
- Time to prepare petition
- "Showing your hand"
- Patent owner disclosures
- Issue date

Strategic Considerations – Timing

Scenario 1

- Company A files an infringement action in Dist. Ct. July 2011
- Company B files request for *inter partes* reexamination Sept.
 15, 2012
- Company C files petition for inter partes review Sept. 16, 2012
- PTO grants Company B's request
- PTO denies Company C's request as untimely, after 1-year bar

Strategic Considerations – Estoppel

35 U.S.C. §§ 315(e)(2), 325(e)(2):

"The petitioner ... or the real party in interest or privy of the petitioner ...

may not assert ... that the claim is invalid on any ground that the petitioner raised or reasonably could have raised."

Strategic Considerations – Estoppel

Scenario 1

- Company A files PGR petition on bases X & Y
- Company B files an infringement action in Dist. Ct.
- Company A files counterclaims of invalidity alleging X & Y
- During discovery in Dist. Ct. action, Co. A learns Z, amends complaint
- Before trial, PTO issues decision denying X & Y
- Does Co. A still have defenses X & Y? Does it have Z? What if Co. A's appeal from the PTO decision is still pending at trial?

Strategic Considerations – Estoppel

Scenario 2

- Company B files an infringement action in Dist. Ct.
- Company A files counterclaims of invalidity alleging X , Y & Z
- Company A files IPR petition on bases X & Y
- Before trial, PTO issues decision denying X & Y
- Does Co. A still have defenses X & Y? Does it have Z?

Strategic Considerations – Overlapping Issues

Claim construction scenario:

- Patent owner files complaint
- Accused infringer files petition 3 months into the case
- PTO's "broadest reasonable construction" differs from District Court standard – PTO and District Court reach different constructions
- Possible Issues:
 - Does PTO construction preclude different District Court construction?
 - 2. Does District Court construction preclude different PTO construction?
 - 3. How would the Federal Circuit deal with two different claim constructions on the same patent

Strategic Considerations – Overlapping Issues

<u>Simultaneous expert discovery:</u>

- Accused infringer files petition first
- Patent owner files complaint
- Accused infringer counterclaims for DJ of invalidity incl. same grounds as petition
- Court denies stay
- Possible Issues:
 - 1. Repeat depositions; expert's "clarifying" earlier testimony
 - 2. Documents "inconsistent with a position" at PTO
 - 3. Will PTO take district court testimony and vice versa?

Strategic Considerations – Choice of Forum

District Court vs. USPTO

Avg. Time to trial > 2 years vs. 17+ months

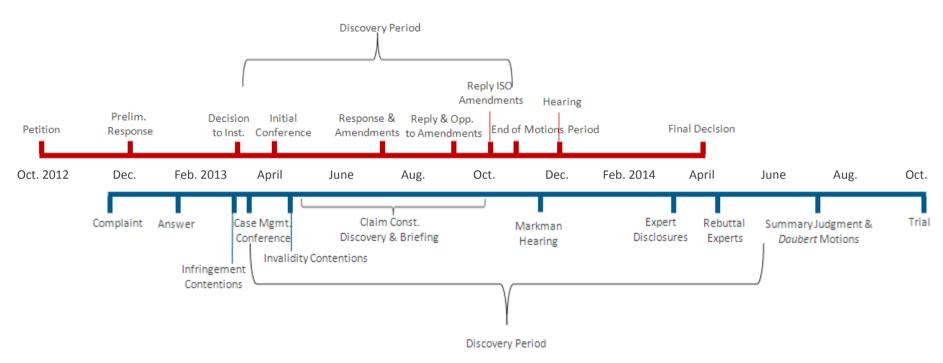
Expensive discovery vs. Expensive filing fee

Judge or jury vs. Administrative Patent Judge

Different sets of evidence

District Court versus Post-Grant Timeline

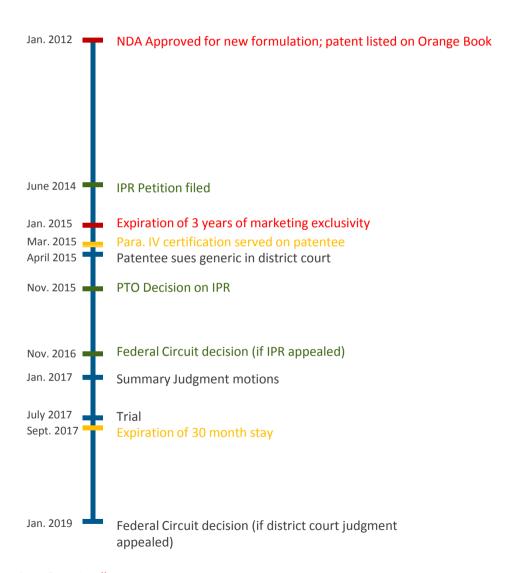
Post-Grant Proceeding



District Court Litigation

All dates are approximate

IPR and Hatch-Waxman Patent Challenges



All dates are approximate

Brief Comparison to EPO Oppositions

Similarities & Differences

- Nine months from grant
- Standard: "balance of probabilities"
- Cost
 - > US\$6,000 initial filing
 - > US\$150,000 avg. total

EPO Outcomes

- About 6% of patents opposed
- Outcomes (approximate)
 - ⅓ claims revoked
 - ⅓ claims narrowed
 - — ⅓ claims unchanged

Unresolved Issues for *Inter Partes* Review and Post-Grant Review

Discovery

- Initial disclosures
- Defining "inconsistent evidence" Ex: secondary considerations
- Documents
- Board deposition guidelines
- Motion Practice
 - Claim amendments
 - Claim construction
- Application of Estoppel

Actions for Near-Term Consideration

- Comment on proposed rules April 10, 2012
- File applications before March 16, 2013 to avoid PGR
- Review monitoring system for competitor patents, applications
- Accused infringers
 - Prepare petitions for IPR for filing Sept. 16, 2012
- Patent owners
 - Monitor market for likely petition filers based on investment
 - Analyze key patents; pre-IPR preparation (experts, docs, etc.)

Questions?

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